

Eco Innovation Forum

25th November 2010

Content



- ☐ Constructing Excellence Overview
- ☐ Construction industry case study
- Questions



Key Industry Change Reports



1994......2009

Constructing Excellence



Purpose

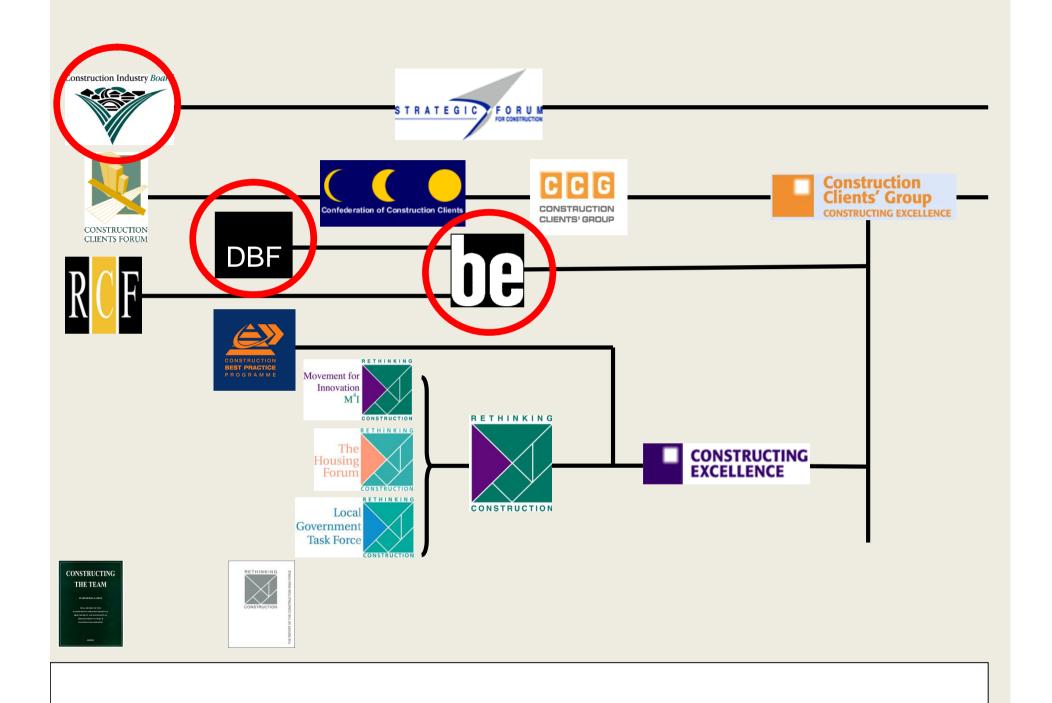
Improve industry performance

Outcome

Better built environment

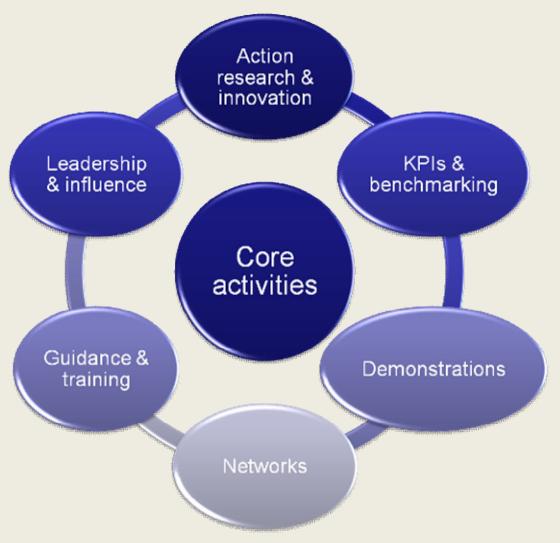
Single organisation charged with driving the change agenda in construction, housing and regeneration





What do we do?



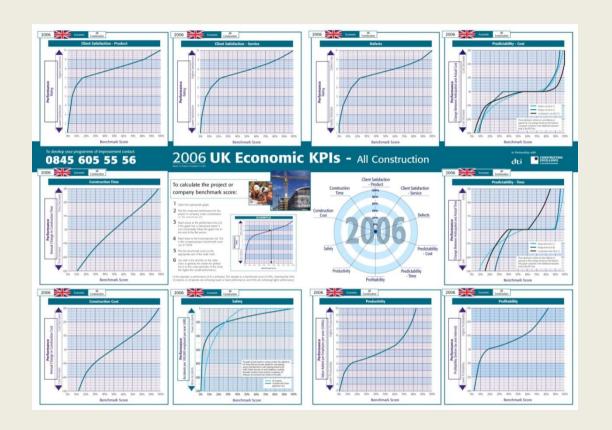


Key Performance Indicators

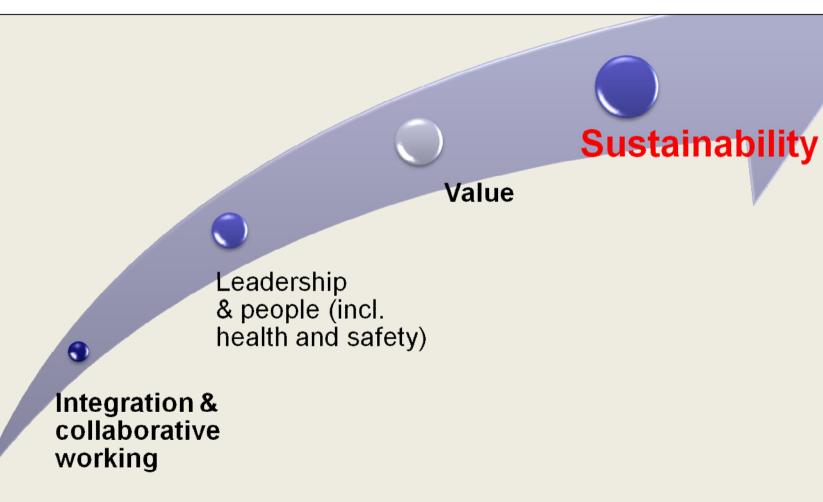


Economic

- ☐ Client satisfaction
 - Product
 - Service
- Defects
- □ Predictability
 - Cost
 - Time
- Profitability
- □ Productivity
- □ Safety
- ☐ Construction Cost
- □ Construction Time



Core improvement themes



SITE WASTE MANAGEMENT PLANS A PRACTICAL APPROACH

THE CLIENT

Tees Valley Housing Group

THE CONTRACTOR

Haslam Homes
 North East Ltd

HaslamHomes

THE SITE

- Social housing for local RSL
- Former council estate, recently demolished
- 22 plots, one to three storey
- Timber frame construction
- Build programme 26 weeks



TRINITY CRESCENT, MIDDLESBROUGH





THE CHALLENGE

- Write, plan and implement a SWMP
- Engage all parties involved in the build
- Embed SWMP procedures within the company
- Cover all aspects of site based work
- Monitor the plan monthly
- Produce a final report



THE PLAN

- Appoint a responsible person
- Estimate the quantities and types of waste
- Investigate waste management options
- Appoint waste management contractor
- Carry out on site training
- Monitor and review the plan



WASTE CHAMPION 1

Dave Groom Site Manager - On site operations

- materials ordering/storage
- call off of waste management services
- recording of types and quantities of waste



WASTE CHAMPION 2

- Brian Forster Pre/Post Construction
 - Estimate types and quantities of waste
 - investigate waste management options
 - on site training
 - plan for monitoring and reviewing resource use and the quantity of waste produced
 - Production of final report



ESTIMATE TYPES AND QUANTITIES OF WASTE

- Pre waste audit of all activities using information provided by Commercial Department
- Bills and specifications
- Subcontractors
- Pre start meetings
- Audit of premises



IDENTIFY WASTE MANAGEMENT OPTIONS

- Complete material checklist using information provided by subcontractor meetings
- Investigate options for managing waste using CE database and other business support tools.
- Pay attention to waste hierarchy
- Option selected segregation at source







IDENTIFY WASTE MANAGEMENT OPTIONS

- First barrier to segregation...
- Hazardous waste
- Introduce Haz- Waste Station





SITE PLAN





IDENTIFY WASTE MANAGEMENT SITES AND CONTRACTORS

- Obtain quotations from suitably interested contractors
- Contractor selected was waste broker
- Able to provide skips for segregated materials, carry out on site training and provide signage



TRAINING

- A representative of the broker visited the site pre start and carried out training in waste segregation and handling.
- Subsequent visits were arranged prior to commencement of each stage of the build.
- Appropriate signage was provided which was incorporated into the training.





PLAN FOR EFFICIENT MATERIAL AND WASTE HANDLING

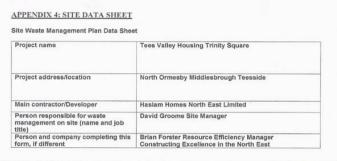
- Due to small footprint, material storage was difficult to manage
- Waste was stored in coloured hoppers prior to depositing in skips





MEASURE THE WASTE AND COMPARE AGAINST THE PLAN

- All skips leaving the site were recorded and subsequent information on weights were sent to site for recording
- This data was analysed and compared to the original data sheet using a similar format



Types of waste ari Material		ntity (in n					
Waste Management Action	Re- used on site	Re- used off site	Recycled for use on site	Recycled for use off site	Sent to recycling facility	Sent to WML exempt site	Disposal to landfill
Inert	-						
Concrete		30					
Bricks/R Tiles		5					
Blocks		5					
Clay/S.Soil	100	300					
Active							
Plastic Film					6		
Plastic Rigid					6		
Chip'bd/MDF							8
Canteen Waste							11
Plastic Exp'd					6		1.7.7
Timber+	2				6		
Timber					8		
Plasterboard					21		
Insulation					6		4
Paper/Card					5		
Hazardous	-						
Mastic Tubes					1		
Solvent Tins					1	The state of	
Paint Tins					2		
Totals (in m3)	102	340			68		23
Performance score as % *							
SWMP Target % * + TIMBER PAC	W. C. C. D. C.						



MONITOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SWMP

- Regular site visits including visual inspections
- Testing awareness of site staff and subcontractors
- Inspecting documentation
 - Waste Transfer Notes
 - Weighbridge Tickets
 - Induction/Training Records
- Compare actual quantities of waste with those predicted on the checklist
- Highlight variations in quantities to original estimates and give reasons



REVIEW HOW THE PLAN WORKED

- Groundwork Contractor removed 300m³ inert waste
- Timber reused in first fix joinery
- Plasterboard sent for recycling
- Packaging recycled at transfer station
- Inert used as hardstand on another site (exemption)
- Actual cost savings of £115 per plot
- Estimate 95% material diverted from landfill



OBSERVATIONS

- Transport of hazardous waste around site
- Hire of wood chipper
- Excavation of road stopped segregation
- Plasterboard contractor contaminating p/b skip
- Plan for location of waste area before site starts
- Keep site parking separate from waste area fly tipping
- Regular feedback to site regarding cost savings
- Lack of information from broker in house?



NEXT STEPS

- Write Final Report on completion of project
- Make recommendations to design and planning teams
- Continue with training
- Incorporate into EMS (ISO 14001)

LEARN LESSONS FOR FUTURE PROJECTS



www.constructingexcellence.org.uk

