





About WRAP



WRAP helps individuals, businesses and local authorities to reduce waste and recycle more, making better use of resources and helping to tackle climate change.





Progress To Date

We have a strong track record of achievements, including our contribution to:

- **5.8 million tonnes** of extra processing capacity.
- £182m of new investment in the recycling sector.
- £1.3bn annual turnover in the UK recycling sector.
- 15 million tonnes of CO₂ equivalent avoided.



Targets for 2008-2011

Target 1

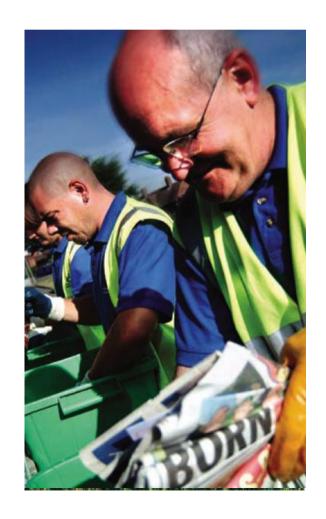
8 million tonnes less waste to landfill.

Target 2

5 million tonnes of CO₂ emissions saved.

Target 3

£1.1 billion of economic benefits.





Climate Change Targets

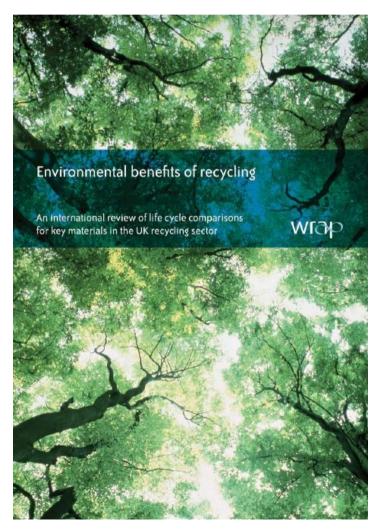
UK Climate Change Act (2008) – 80% reduction in UK GHG emissions by 2050 (based on 1990 baseline)

Stern Report – calls for immediate action to avoid higher mitigation costs

Low Carbon Transition Plan (LCTP) - 18% reduction by 2020 (from 2008 levels)



Strategic Review of Waste Management Options



Environmental Benefits of Recycling (2006) Review of published LCAs Purpose: to identify trends in findings of studies 7 key materials Range of Environmental **Indicators**

Recycling generally preferable.

The Contribution of Resource Efficiency?

"...reducing the environmental impact of the consumption and production of goods and services over their full life cycle."

Cropper A. (2009) Decoupling Economic Growth from Environmental Degradation – The Crucial Role of Resource Efficiency, speech notes to the Resource Panel of the United Nations of the Division of Technology, Industry and Economics. Available from:

http://www.unep.fr/scp/rpanel/pdf/opening_angela_cropper.pdf





The Contribution of Resource Efficiency

WIGP Material change for a better environment

Final report

Meeting the UK climate change challenge: The contribution of resource efficiency



Reference Scenario

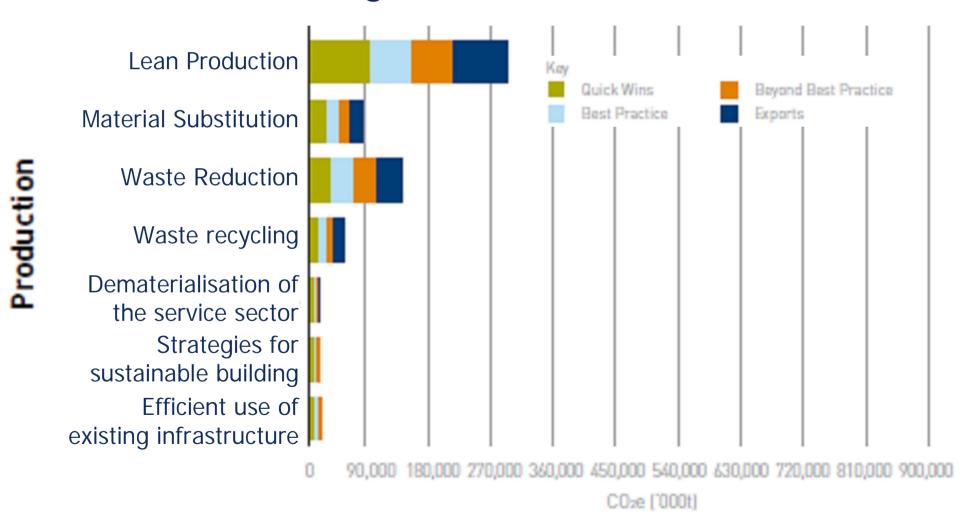
Quick Wins

Best In Class

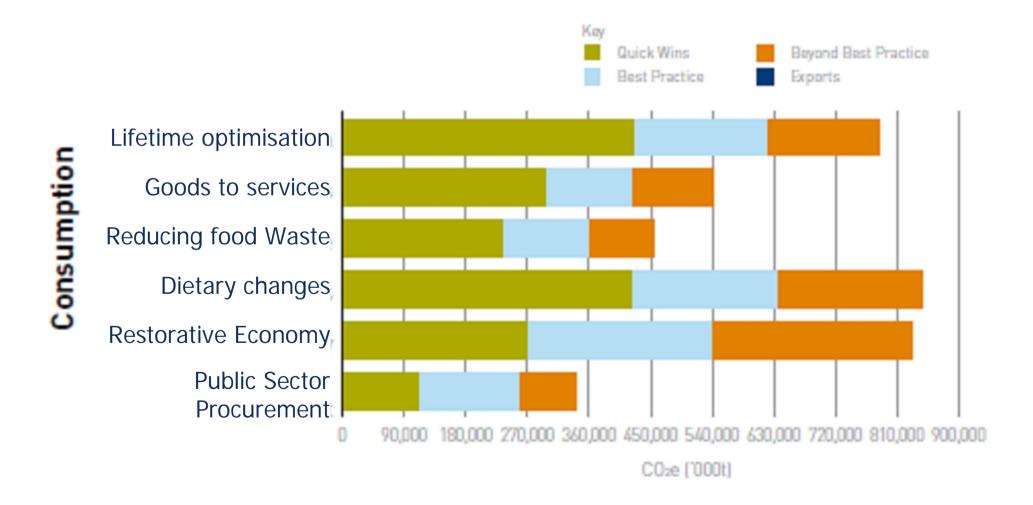
Beyond Best In Class

All based on current technology

Production Strategies

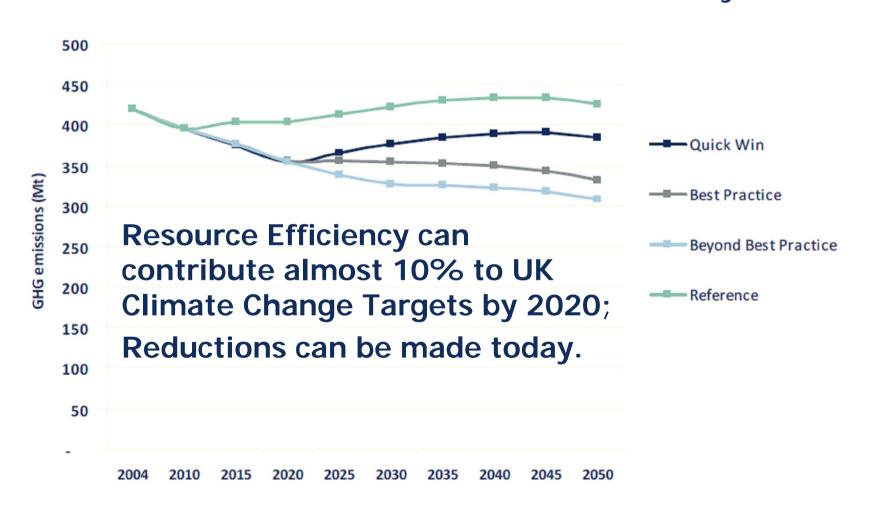


Consumption Strategies





The Contribution of Resource Efficiency





Economic Consequences

No net change in GDP;

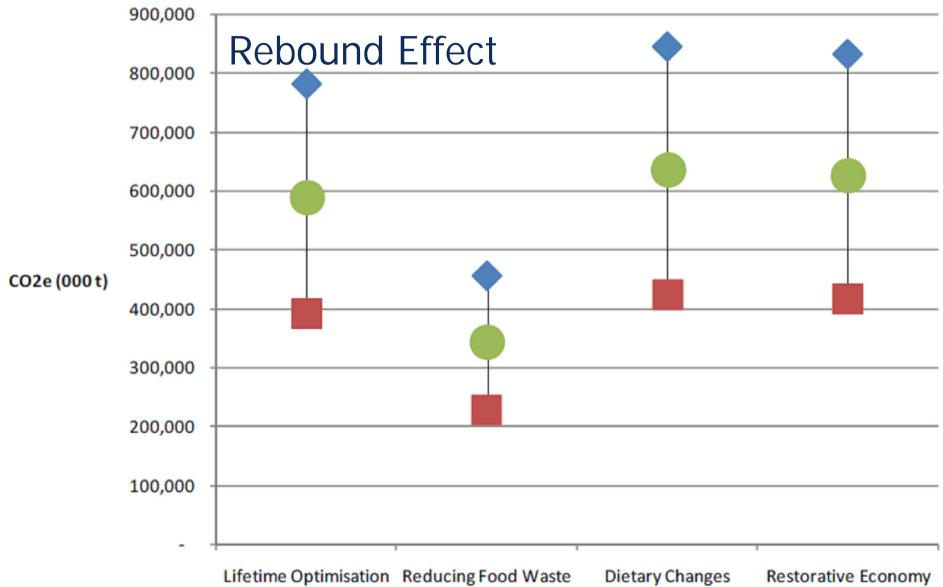
Affects £billions expenditure;

Make money available for investment.

How would money be redistributed?











Next Steps

Develop 13 strategies and identify appropriate WRAP activities;

Carry out additional research;

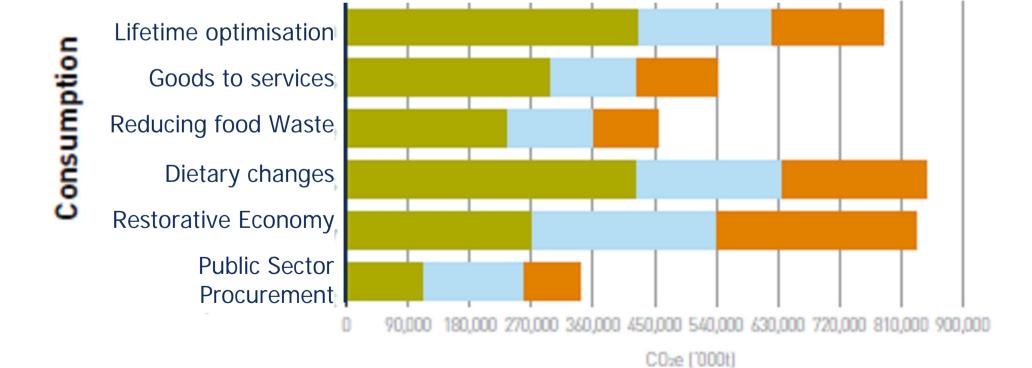
Ensure that we understand and avoid unintended consequences;

Don't forget continued importance of waste management...



Consumption Strategies







2009 Glass – 1.65 Mt Recycled





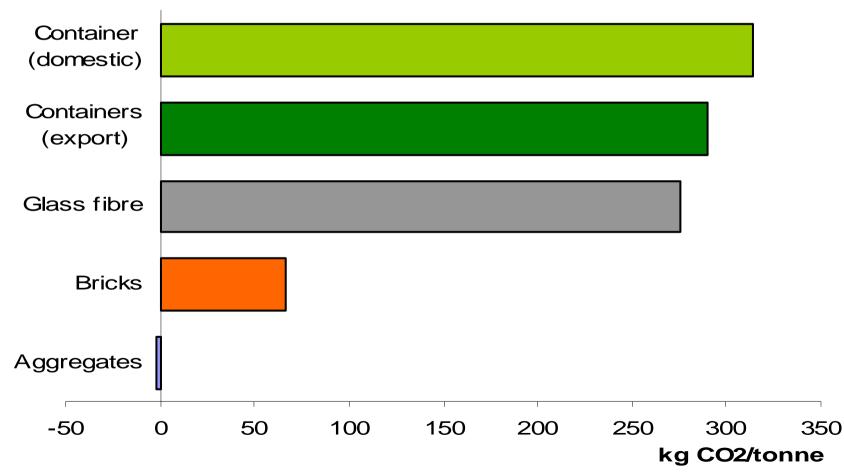








Glass Recycling and CO₂



Source: Enviros (2003)

















Glass Lightweighting

















Recycled Content: Adnams

Adnams bottle contains an average of 50% amber cullet (recycled glass)

Benefits:

- 1 tonne of cullet makes 1 tonne of new glass, but 1.2 tonnes of raw materials are required to make 1 tonne of new glass.
- melting cullet uses 25% less energy than melting virgin materials.













How much?

- 16-18 Mt/y total
- Over 8 Mt/y from households
- Most could been eaten
- Costs £12 billion/y
- Worth nearly £700 per year for families
- Wastes 20 Mt/y of CO₂e



Food production, distribution, storage, preparation and disposal accounts for 20% of greenhouse gas emissions from UK consumption

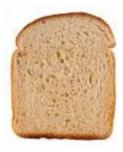




Key foods thrown away whole and untouched



Potatoes 5.1 million a day



Loaves of bread 1 million a day



Apples 4.4 million a day



Sausages
1.2 million a day



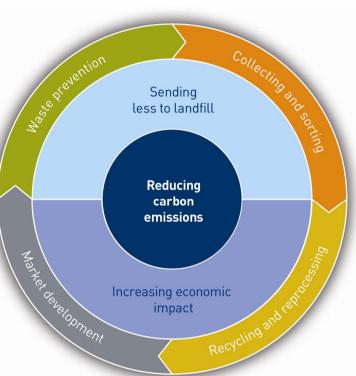
Yoghurts
1.3 million a day



Packets of crisps 300,000 a day



LÓVE FOOD hate waste



























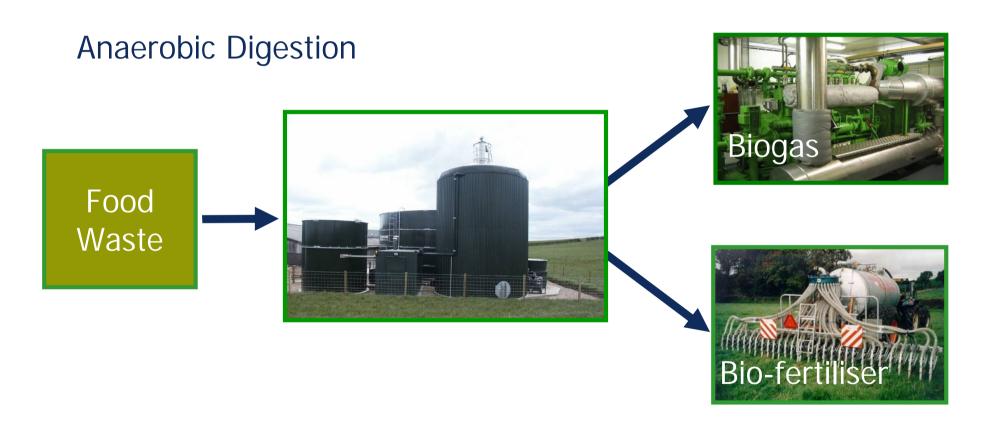
Progress

- 2 million households say they have reduced food waste
- 42% of consumers are making conscious attempts to reduce food and drink waste*





A Hidden Resource



1 tonne food = 300kWh electricity



Biomethane uses











Facts

- Biofertiliser can be used as a direct replacement for inorganic fertilisers on farms.
- Cost savings of between £180 per hectare by using digestate
- 1 tonne of CO2 equivalent is saved per tonne of food diverted from landfill
- 5 tonnes of CO2 equivalent saved per tonne of nitrogen displaced.



Towards a Lighter Footprint

- Resource efficiency strategies significantly reduce use of fossil fuel resources, water and our ecological footprint
- We will lead by example with targets aligned to programmes.
- Work with partners to deliver on our commitments.



Get involved

Now is the time to act.

Everyone must play a part in lightening the world's carbon footprint.

www.wrap.org.uk

Nina.Sweet@wrap.org.uk
Keith.James@wrap.org.uk