



Equality: Looking Ahead

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Government Equalities Office

- Small Policy Department responsible for equality strategy and legislation
- Report to Theresa May and Lynne Featherstone
- Promote equality in workplace, and fairer representation in society, in GB and internationally
- Sponsor Equality and Human Rights Commission



Context: Still Major Challenges

Pay: Gender Pay Gap 16.4%

Employment: BME gap 14%

:Disabled gap 27%

Public Life: 200 years before an even gender split in H of C

<u>Life Chances</u>: poor bright children overtaken by age 6

Society: 6 out of 10 LGB children suffer homophobic bullying

1 in 5 older people reported that they can't get travel insurance

Wealth: Average Bangladeshi household £15,000

Average White & Indian household £200,000+



Context

- Spending Round
 - Do more with (much) less
- Economic recovery still fragile
- Demographic Changes
 - Ageing society
 - More women working
- Outdated, complex, strand-specific legislation



The Coalition Government

Commitment "to tear down barriers to social mobility and equal opportunities and help to build a fairer society"

Action To Date

- Cross Government Programme on LGB and T (June)
- Removal of Default Retirement Age (July)
- Promote gender equality on company boards (August)

Some Other Commitments

- Extend right to request flexible working
- Promote equal pay and address workplace discrimination
- Support of disabled people to become more active in public life



Overall Approach

- Equalities underpinning all work to create a fairer society (eg links to social mobility)
- Embedded and joined-up across Government
- Focus on outcomes not process
- For <u>all</u>: key part of long-term economic vision and making best of people's talents



The Equality Act 2010: What's it do?

Streamlining and Simplifying

- Distills 9 Acts into 1
- Harmonises Definitions and Exceptions

Strengthening

- A new Equality Duty on public bodies
- Bans age discrimination
- Bans dual discrimination
- Gender pay and equality reporting*
- Extends positive action*
- Strengthens protection for disabled people
- Power to ban caste discrimination
- Socio-economic duty*
- * Ministers currently considering how to proceed



Fairer, more responsive public services: the Equality Duty: the Equality Duty

- New Single Integrated Duty
- Applies to listed public bodies and those discharging public functions
- As now applies to employment, policy making and service delivery BUT
- Wider Scope (New: age, sexual orientation, religion or belief, and gender reassignment, pregnancy/maternity)
- General duty to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations
- Specific duties to publish data, assess impact, set equality objectives and report progress at least annually
- New emphasis on accountability/transparency away from tick box processes



Age

- The Act would end harmful / unjustified age discrimination in the provision of services and public functions – including in health and social care. It will only apply to the over-18's.
- Beneficial age discrimination can continue e.g. free bus passes for over-60s and discounts for pensioners, such as cheaper fish and chips.
- A draft Order will be prepared detailing the exceptions from the age discrimination ban, this will allow beneficial age practices to continue.
- We currently intend to consult on the draft Order in November
 2010



When's it happening?

- 90% of Act introduced on 1 October 2010
- Public Sector Equality Duty on 6 April 2011 (consulting on specific duties until 10 November)
- Age Discrimination Ban not before 2012



What Help is Available? Guidance & Codes

- 1. GEO has published a series of summary and guides branded Equality Act 2010: What do I need to know?
 www.equalities.gov.uk
- 2. Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) have published detailed guidance at <u>www.equalityhumanrights.com</u>
- 3. EHRC are also producing codes of practice for the Act which are expected in Autumn 2010.



What's it mean for you?

- Builds on what's good already
- Some areas to consider:
 - Raising awareness
 - Capacity building (eg in engaging different groups)
 - Positive action targeting services at disadvantaged groups
 - Procurement
 - Transparency in Reporting
 - Deficit Reduction: impact on most vulnerable



Final Messages

- Integrated approach (while recognising differences)
- Outcomes not process
- Strategic leadership not pc (or hr)
- Business Benefits and Save Money
- If you want to know more, go to www.equalities.gov.uk