Lessons from the Multi Area Agreement

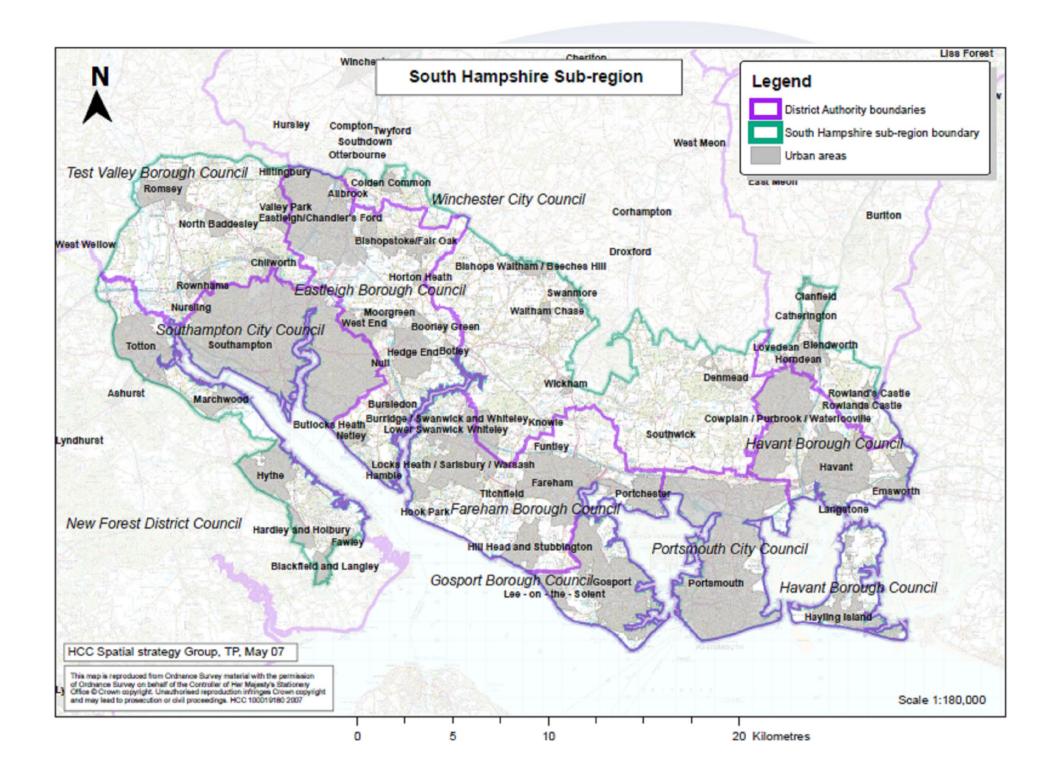
Brad Roynon
Chief Executive
Southampton City Council



PUSH - Background

- Partnership for Urban South Hampshire created
 7 years ago
- Based around overlapping functional economic areas of Southampton & Portsmouth
- Population 1m with circa 50,000 businesses
- Largest urban area in SE outside London but discrete economy
- LA partners 2 Cities, Hants County, 4 Districts in full and 4 in part



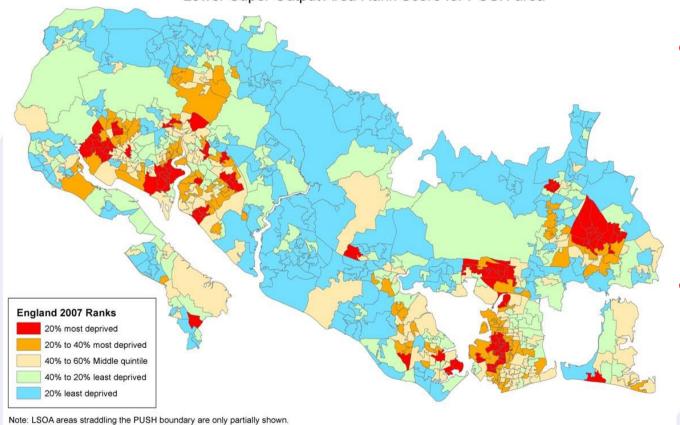


PUSH Background

- Partnership secured at outset political / cross party commitment of Council Leaders
- Key themes Economic Development, Housing, Spatial Planning and Transport
- Economy central focus area underperforms against region - Pre Recession key stats:-
- GVA growth 2.75% vs 3.1%
- Productivity 9% below average,
- Ave weekly earnings 8.5% lower
- Deprivation- Southampton 91st and Portsmouth 93rd on IMD

South Hampshire – Areas of deprivation

2007 English Index of Multiple Deprivation Lower Super Output Area Rank Score for PUSH area



Produced by Gareth Henry, Hampshire County Council. Source DCLG IMD 2007

- 83 local
 'Super
 Output
 Areas' in
 20% most
 deprived
- Clusters in the two cities, Gosport & Havant

Together shaping the future of South Hampshire



PUSH Background

- Initial Economic Development Strategy 2004 based on research by DTZ
- Used as evidence in Sub Region in SE Plan and in Regional Economic Strategy
- Built into LAA process for SCC, PCC & HCC and informed spatial planning targets e.g. Housing numbers and Employment Floorspace
- Designated New Growth Point
- Focus moved to Delivery



South Hants MAA

- MAA seen as opportunity to support delivery in 2 ways:
- 1) Facilitating joint work with Government departments & agencies: LSC, Job Centre Plus, Environment Agency, Highways Agency, Business Link, SEEDA, Housing Corp
- 2) Opportunity to seek flexibility and freedoms



South Hants MAA

- Key Outcomes (& Enabling Measures):-
- 1) Collaboration in delivery (EM1)
- 2) Employment & Skills (EM2 & 3)
- 3) Innovation
- 4) Delivering land for ED & Employment
- 5) Effectiveness of Business Support (EM4)
- 6) Highways Interventions (EM6)
- 7) Non Transport infrastructure (EM7)
- 8) Delivering housing to support ED (EM8)
- Note Linked with PSA's



South Hants MAA Positives

- Stronger relationships between partners in the sub-region and buy-in from Government Agencies.
- Improved evidence base, strategy development and identification of priorities.
- Better alignment of priorities between partners.
- Cooperative response to the recession.
- Solid performance against targets despite economic circumstances.
- Securing additional resources (generally).
- Good engagement and buy-in from some Government Departments.



South Hants MAA Shortcomings

- Alignment and pooling of resources.
- Translation of strategy into delivery.
- Focus on priorities and responsiveness generally (though not to the recession).
- Room for improvement in engagement and buy-in from some Government Departments.
- Devolution of power / responsibility / control from Government.
- Unsatisfactory employer engagement.
- Securing more resources for public bodies and from the private sector
- MAA was targeted at measures was not truly strategic



South Hants MAA – 2009 Review

- Collaboration in delivery of PUSH Objectives (EM1)
- Employment & Skills (EM2 & 3)
- Innovation
- Delivering land for economic development & regeneration
- Increased effectiveness of business support (EM4)
- Sustainable highways interventions (EM6)
- Non Transport Infrastructure (EM7)
- Delivering housing to support economic growth (EM8)
- 4/8 Green, 3/8 Amber, 1/8 Red



Solent LEP Proposal

- Opportunity to extend and build on 7 years of joint activity (including MAA Outcomes)
- Basis & rationale PUSH evidence base updated in 2010 DTZ, Oxford Economics & Centre for Cities
- Broadened to include Isle of Wight and to look further west to:
- Develop growth hub & strategic clusters in high value employment
- Strengthen visitor economy
- Invest in skills to enable higher levels of employment
- Realise potential of the Cities & reduce high levels of welfare dependency
- Focus on infrastructure priorities land, transport, housing, flood mitigation & broadband
- Support enterprise and new business start ups (using CONNECT model)
- Establish single inward investment & marketing function
- Commit to public sector rationalisation & co-location of services with key partners (e.g. Job Centre Plus & Environment agency)

Solent LEP Proposal

- Actively seek to remedy shortcomings in MAA to:-
- LEP will be custodian of overall & complete Economic Vision for Solent area
- Embed & consolidate joint & integrated working between partners and with Government agencies
- Increase private sector and HEI input at all levels
- Establish new investment models & more innovative income channels
- Coordinate programmes between public agencies & growth sectors
 including development land & RDA (SEEDA) assets
- Look beyond regional boundaries (to Bournemouth & Poole)
- Secure delegated capacity & capability from Government and break away from previous processes & strictures
- LEP time horizon has to be beyond CSR / 3 year framework and embedded into local governance

