

# DO WE DELIVER ON LAW STUDENT EXPECTATIONS?

JACKIE LANE

UNIVERSITY OF HUDDERSFIELD

# QUESTIONS



- ▣ If we *expect* certain aspects of a new experience (e.g. A job or education course) do we feel disappointed if it turns out differently?
- ▣ If we had been given more information, would we feel less disappointed?
- ▣ How should we, the providers, go about ensuring that new students are given the right information?



# Expectations are determined by experience

- ▣ <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IRLLelgxGy4>
- ▣ We have expectations of our students
- ▣ Our students have expectations of University or college life
- ▣ Do these expectations coincide, or is there a mismatch that causes disappointment?
- ▣ If we expected more, would we get more?

# Feedback and assessment

- ▣ Are students always delighted with their marks?
- ▣ Year 1 is most troublesome
- ▣ Years 2 and 3 have better idea of what to expect
- ▣ Potential for giving more accurate guidance on how work is graded at an earlier stage



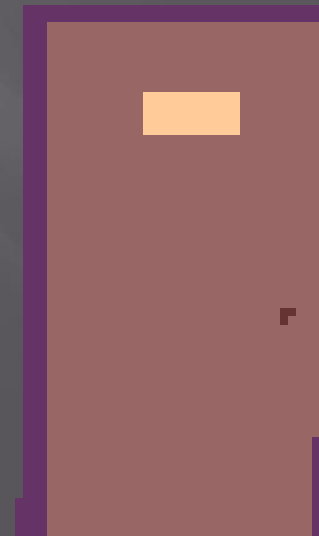
# Self assessment?

- ▣ Self assessment could be an appropriate means of guiding students to understand how work is graded, and what we expect.
- ▣ Lee Sutherland's article
- ▣ Examined students' expectations before assessment; lecturer's assessment and self assessment
- ▣ Conclusion: student expectations unrealistic *unless* given guidance and training (then very accurate)



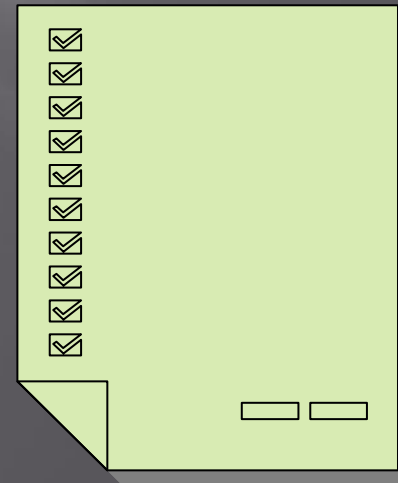
# How?

- ▣ Make marking criteria explicit
- ▣ Move learning from being teacher-directed to being student-directed.
- ▣ Manage expectations in a constructive way to avoid disappointment and attrition.



# What are the qualities of good feedback?

- ▣ 2007 NSS identified only 62% of students “satisfied” with feedback
- ▣ Holmes and Papageorgiou suggest “there is a need to develop a greater *understanding* of students’ expectations of feedback, their *perceptions* of what feedback is and *how they use* the feedback they receive.”



- ▣ Feedback should “feed forward”
- ▣ Needs to be clearer assessment criteria, shared by both students and tutors
- ▣ Feedback should identify the gaps between their performance and the desired standard
- ▣ Feedback should be motivational





# Course management and students' expectations

- ▣ So – student expectations may be unrealistic, but how can these be managed?
- ▣ Buckley et al identified an expectation gap
- ▣ Suggests managing this through a *student-teacher contract*
- ▣ Let the students know exactly what to expect!
- ▣ Uses a Realistic Course Preview (RCP) and Expectation Lowering Procedure (ELP)

# RCP

- ▣ Clarifies the teacher's expectations
- ▣ Thereby clarifies student's expectations in the context of past experience
- ▣ Provides detailed course information
- ▣ Done in the early stages of the process

# ELP

- ▣ Lower student's expectations to avoid later disappointment
- ▣ Focus on how students expect not to have to contribute to their own learning and course outcomes (i.e. lower grades)
- ▣ Assists student to develop more *realistic* expectations without providing specific course information
- ▣ Helpful in courses with high independent study content, but theory could be extended to other courses

# Impact of expectations on teaching and learning – Glesner Fines

- ▣ How do the *teacher's* expectations impact on student achievement
- ▣ Expect more and you will get more
- ▣ Correlation between high expectation and high achievement
- ▣ Teachers who can create a warm, positive, encouraging climate can expect high achievement



# Workload expectations

- ▣ This too should be made more explicit
- ▣ HEPI studies show a wide difference in mean study times (teaching and private study combined), varying between 18.17 and 44.8.
- ▣ UK students have the lowest study time at 30 hours pw; French students spend, on average, 39 hours pw.
- ▣ HEFCE Report



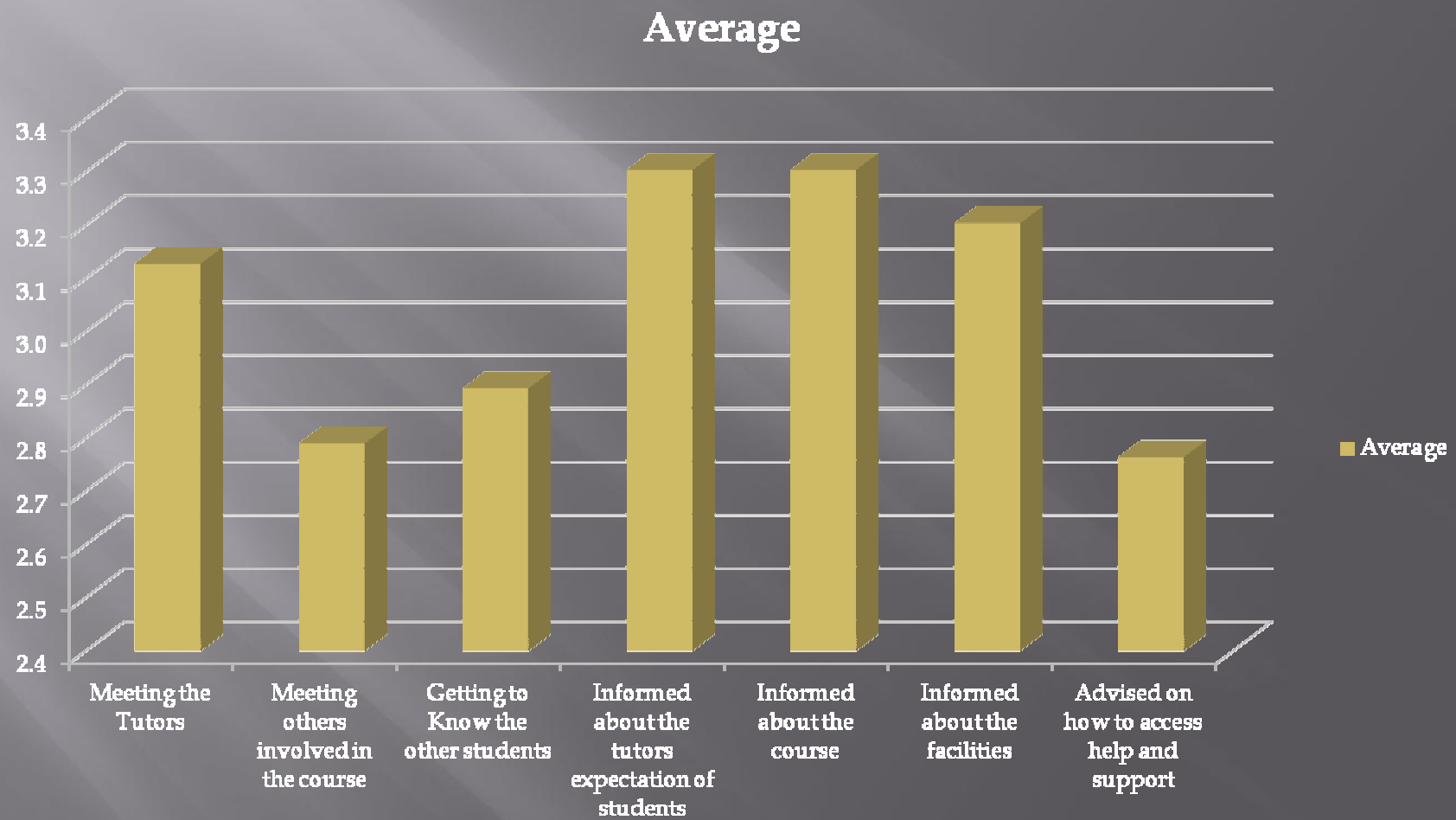
# Huddersfield students

- ▣ Questionnaire given to first year LL.B students
- ▣ 4 broad headings gauging whether students' expectations were fully, largely or partially met, or not met at all:
  - ▣ Induction
  - ▣ Teaching
  - ▣ Materials
  - ▣ Assessment and Feedback

# Outcomes

- ▣ Students' expectations were either fully or largely met under most headings, but with some areas of concern

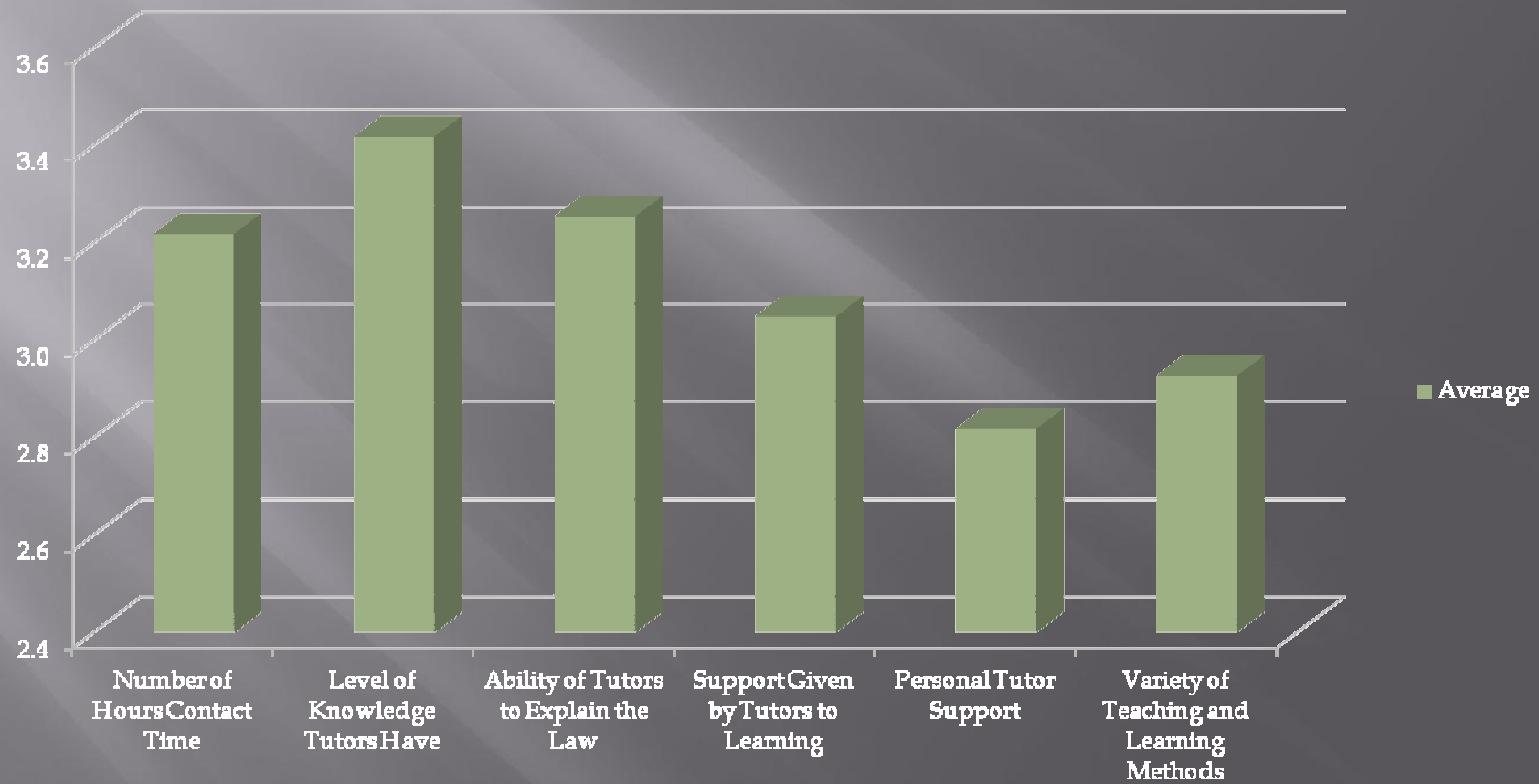
# 1. Induction





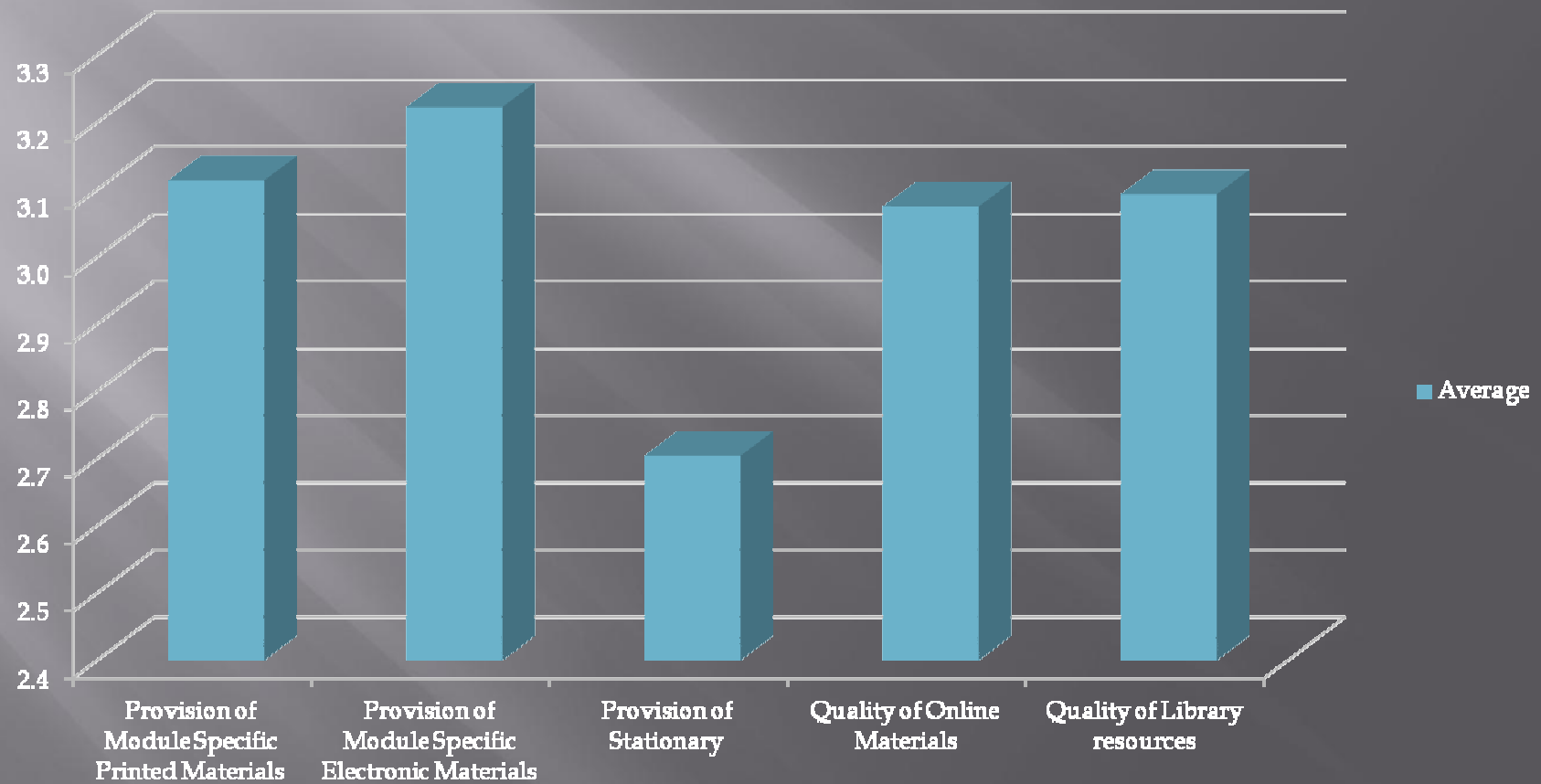
## 2. Teaching

Average

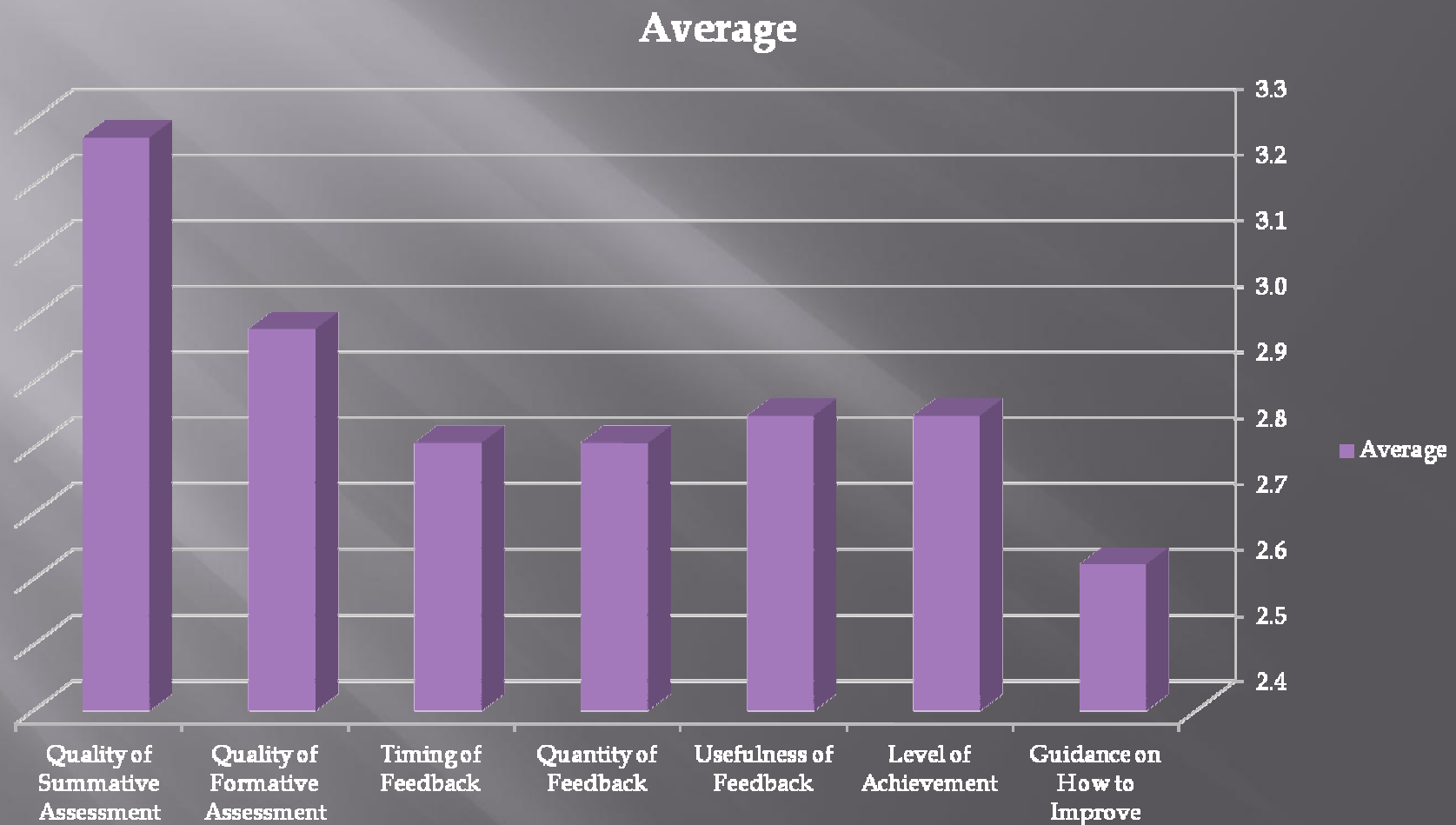


# 3. Materials

Average



## 4. Assessment and feedback



# I have a cunning plan...

- ▣ The research indicates an overall mismatch between what the students expect and what they actually receive.
- ▣ Recommendations for a plan of action are detailed in the full paper under:
  - ▣ Feedback and assessment
  - ▣ Manage student expectations
  - ▣ Review teacher expectations
  - ▣ Induction